

Staff : P5 Mrs Hamilton P6 Miss Cosgrove P7 Miss McCosh

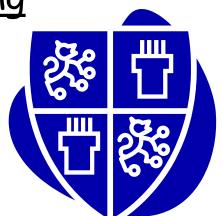




Aims for today's information meeting

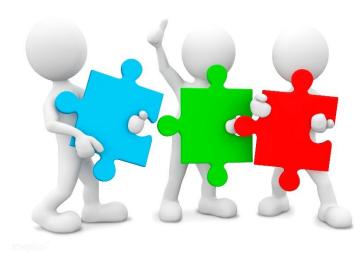
to give an overview of....

 Role of teamwork in helping your child make the most progress in each year in Key Stage 2



- Key Stage 2 House Team system as part of Positive Behaviour Policy
- homework
- the development of the curriculum in Key Stage 2





BETTER TOGETHER

Parents, a child's first teachers at home Teachers, teach in a more formal setting school

Pupils, learn from **both** teachers and parents

Team approach for effective learning

3. School's participation

2. Family participation



1.Your child's participation

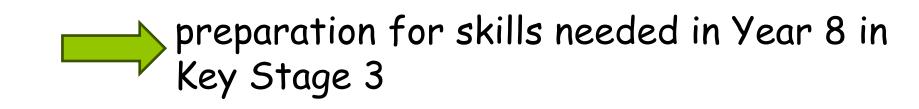
In Key Stage 2 :

Role of the Pupils take more responsibility for their own learning by...

Istening, writing and following instructions during lessons

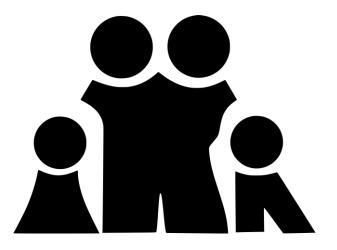


 become more independent (building on KS1's experiences)



Role of Parent/ guardian help further your child's progress reinforcing skills taught in school and extending at home

 encourage independence, ownership of his/her work
 support when needed



homework - reading, spelling, mental maths, written and practical work, corrections

Please <u>sign</u> all aspects of homework – this highlights the <u>importance</u> of learning to your child.

Role of the Teacher



teach skills curriculum content * encourage personal development-emotional intelligence within context of each child's needs and ability - SEN, other additional needs, within the resources available

Homework - please sign daily

Key Stage 2 homework checklist in homework books

eg P5 total -30min.....max. 45min including reading

- 1. <u>Reading</u> (from reading material from set texts-variety-15 mins)
- 2. <u>Spellings</u> use multi-sensory approach- information sheet in spelling book- 4 stepsmemory work at step 3 and checking for accuracy of learning and corrections is very important
- 3. <u>Mental maths</u> (write out for accuracy and clarity to check your child knows what facts are to be practised mentally: 5-10min. daily)

4. <u>Written</u>

- numeracy
- literacy based grammar, world around us, personal development
- variety of formats newspaper reports, lists, letters, diagrams, paragraphs, investigations......
- test corrections spelling and numeracy tests, home on Mondays
- Use ICT where appropriate



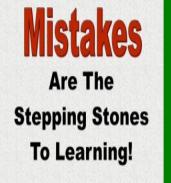
Advice for doing Homework

Homework is prepared in class!



•Encourage more independence in Key Stage 2 children

•let your child take <u>responsibility</u> for knowing what needs done, to listen **(**), write and know what to do - you are a guide- if in doubt complete according to what your child reasonably tells you



consequences of incomplete homework <u>are not life</u> threatening so encourage <u>resilience</u> if lunch time play is used or double homework is given! Children need boundaries.



CALM

BE

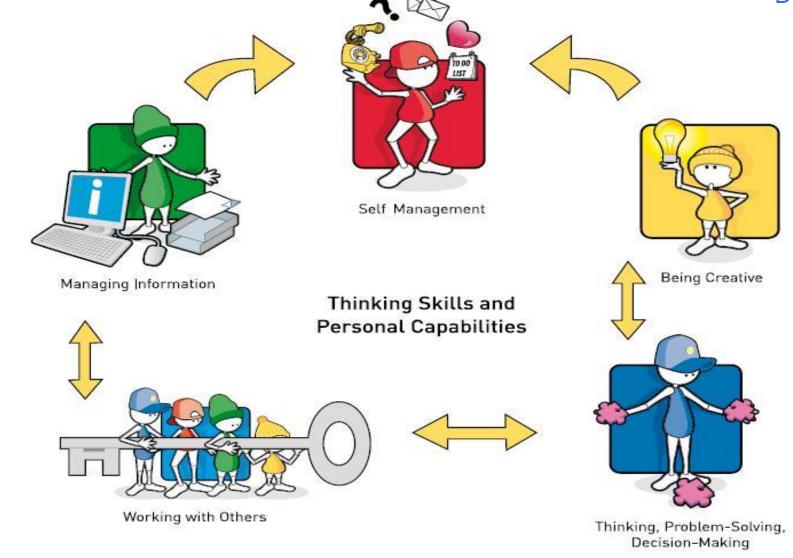
It's often a surprisingly quick fix!



has many practical clips of how we teach maths and other aspects of the curriculum and on school website

Thinking Skills and Personal Capabilities Framework

Directly taken from N.I. Primary Curriculum Document



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every day in school.....

Being more <u>active and focussed</u> and being <u>organised</u> naturally <u>increases</u> a pupil's ability to learn more and more <u>quickly</u>-

Challenge -find ways to structure organisation to make it easier

e.g. cover homework books, use post it reminders, use a family timetable, put a note on top of the school bag - 1st step in study skills



<u>How the areas of thinking skills are essential in daily life in school</u>: (and at home, too!)



1. Managing information

instructions- oral and written - needed all day including for homework

2. self management

organising books etc, taking responsibility, understanding the consequences, time management, completing written activities

3. be creative (this is not just in art!)

Maths - more than 1 possible way to work many things out 4x6=24 6x4=24
In other areas of learning - use colour and art skills to help your child's memory and learning spellings, e.g. maths facts - we call it using 'maths art'!

4.problem solving and decision making

- behaviour/concentration during class start quickly, focussed or not?
- > taking responsibility, understanding the consequences

5. working with others

- social situations break and lunch
- moving around class/school, group work















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Building resilience

_aura.com

Don't rescue your child from a challenge. **Teach them** how to face it.

Encourage resilience and seeing 'the bigger picture'

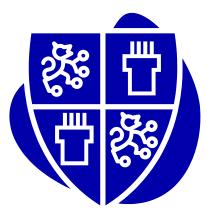
e.g. in a competition someone will win and someone will lose,

a small scratch doesn't mean going home,

making a mistake, getting a sum or spelling wrong helps someone learn.

'Change is constant. How we deal with it will affect the rest of our lives. Queen Elizabeth II

All schools are required to have a Positive Behaviour Policy which has positive and negative consequences to encourage personal responsibility



<u>Key Stage 2 House System</u> <u>based on good citizenship</u>



- > to promote positive behaviour; this promotes a good work ethic
- > to maintain high standards
- > to encourage personal responsibility for behaviour/work
- > to reward excellence and effort many types of prizes

Often links to systems in post primary schools

This card is designed to enable a child to successfully complete a yellow card in a complete day or 2 split days encouraging them to feel more positive and reset themselves.

Positive consequences :

- Develops the feeling of belonging and understanding the value their contribution houses across the Key Stage
- Increases awareness of need for high standards of behaviour and work
- Motivational for improving work and behaviour
- House points, homework passes/home treats -
- Monthly house team winner: extra play
- Regular Citizen cup and trophies as well as other awards at Key Stage assemblies





Negative consequences- reminder of rule broken, a visual reminder may be given

- •Minus points recorded on their house chart
- •Minus 3 points in one week or 2 in a day 🛑 yellow card
- •3 yellow cards in a half term = red card (very, very rare)

•Parents are required to sign these cards

Yellow card			
<u>Name</u> Reason :		<u>Date</u>	
 repeatedly not listening or not following an adult's instructions repeatedly inappropriate behaviour in or outside class 			
Parental signature			
1 st signature	time	2 nd signature	time
3 rd signature	time	4 th signature	time
Now show your yellow card to your class teacher			
Principal's signature Pupil's signature and comment about what they have learnt: I have learnt			





N.I. Primary Curriculum

3 main curricular areas:

- Using Mathematics (maths or numeracy)
- Language and Literacy (English)
- ICT (computer work)

<u>Using Mathematics</u> - 4 main types of maths to develop: number, shape and space, measures, data handling

<u>Key facts</u> need learnt when doing mental maths work - see <u>Mathemagician</u> book on school website

Mental maths is the foundation of good accuracy in written work



Numeracy in Key Stage 2:4 areas 1. Number work- from P5....

- 4 key skills addition, subtraction, multiplication and post 9999.....millions
- fractions, decimals, %, money
- Word problems- use steps on coloured pencil guide which will be given out in October
- Multiplication tables/facts/patterns- speed and accuracy of facts variety of methods taught for the various ways children learn - what works best for your child
- Develop link between multiplication and division e.g. 5x2=10 2x5=10
- 10 divided by/shared between 2 = 5 and
- 10 divided by 5=2 etc



- Trickiest tables and division tables sheet in reading record memory aids
- Mental maths counting very important, 'little and often'- daily

Numeracy contd.

2. <u>Measures</u> metric - factual knowledge of key facts

e.g. 100ml = 1 litre etc $\frac{1}{2}$ km = 500 m

- volume/capacity
- length (mm, cm, m, km)
- weight (g, kg)
- time (calendar, clock-am/pm, digital time)
- area (square cm cm²)
- 3. <u>Shape and Space</u>

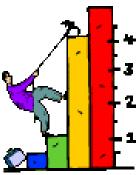
2D and 3D shapes, angles





4. Data handling

interpreting, organising data, databases (ICT), graphs, charts





We develop mathematical thinking (called processes in maths)

•Different kinds of thinking in areas of maths

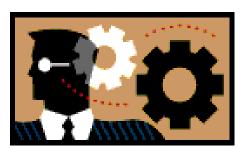
•Use thinking skills -look for patterns •e.g. 5+10=15 so 35+10=45 •1m = 100cm so 3¹/₂ m = 300 + 50cm

•word based problem solving- change the words to a sum

•activity based learning- practical maths metric measures e.g. weight - kg, g; capacity - I and mI etc

 investigations include shared learning - individually, groups, pairs in class, homework







Language and Literacy in Key Stage 2

- 1. Talking & Listening
- 2. <u>Reading</u>
- 3. <u>Writing</u>: creative and handwriting development

Language and Literacy in Key Stage 2

1. Talking & Listening

 carry out instructions independently, listen to others and contribute to class discussion

2. Reading

- developing fluency and expression
- extending variety of reading- own choice reading homework
- both fiction and factual books
- ability group reading using Accelerated Reader programme and whole class novel reading

3. Writing : 2 aspects

- Simple joined handwriting
- independent creative writing
 - skill in expressing written ideas clearly in variety of formats e.g. letters book reviews, adverts, posters etc.





Special Educational Needs

<u>Meetings with the SENCo are not routinely</u> <u>available - Class teacher will liaise with</u> <u>SENCo if required.</u>

Even if an outside agency tells you to speak to the SENCo, the classroom teacher is still your first port of call.

- School website has lots of info available including this presentation
- > Keep up to date with our Facebook page and Seesaw messages



 \succ Hope this presentation has been informative.



